

Pupil premium strategy statement – Stanton St Quintin Primary School

Reviewed November 23 (2021-2024 Strategic Plan - Year 3 of 3)

At Stanton St Quintin Primary School we celebrate pupils' uniqueness and strive to 'motivate, educate and nurture' to help them to become the very best they can be. Our curriculum is a significant component of our mission statement. Our ethos and values enable the whole school community to be challenged in our learning, supported by timely pastoral care and developed through consistently excellent teaching and learning.

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Stanton St Quintin Primary School
Number of pupils in school	76 (excluding Nursery)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils including Service Children	25%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021-2024
Date this statement was published	1 st December 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	1 st November 2023
Statement authorised by	Governing Body
Pupil premium lead	Karen Winterburn
Governor / Trustee lead	Adrian Cole (acting in Gov absence)



Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£9725
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£2000
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£4006
Total budget for this academic year	£15,731
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	



Statement of intent

At Stanton St Quintin Primary and Nursery School all members of staff, along with Governors are committed to providing the best possible education for each individual pupil. Our intention is that all pupils, irrespective of their background or the challenges they face, make good progress and achieve high attainment across all subject areas. The focus of our pupil premium strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve that goal, including progress for those who are already high attainers

We are committed to meeting our pupils' pastoral, social and academic needs in a nurturing environment. As with every child in our care, a child who is in receipt of the pupil premium is valued, respected and entitled to develop to their full potential. We will consider the challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, such as those who work with social care partners, have recognised SEND and/ or are young carers.

High-quality teaching is at the heart of our approach, with a focus on areas in which disadvantaged pupils require the most support. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage.

Our key principles are:

- High Quality Teaching and Learning we recognise that the biggest factor in high standards of attainment is high quality teaching
- High expectations providing a culture where all staff have high expectations of all children and give support to enable pupils to overcome individual barriers to learning giving them the best chance of achieving their full potential. We adopt a whole school approach in which all staff take responsibility for disadvantaged pupils' outcomes and raise expectations of what they can achieve
- Early Intervention we aim to identify pupils in need and the barriers to their learning so that appropriate intervention can be provided quickly to help the child progress. Termly pupil progress meetings ensure that the progress of all pupils is evaluated.
- Wellbeing we understand that some barriers to learning come from behaviour and emotional difficulties, low confidence and self-esteem and attendance or punctuality issues. We want all our pupils to be happy and confident and tailor our support to match the pupil's needs.



This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge	
1	Special Educational Needs (EHCP plan or Wave 2 or 3 SEN)	
2	Poor oral skills resulting from limited exposure to language models before and outside school	
3	Social, emotional, behavioural and mental health difficulties and having a direct impact on children's ability to learn	
4	4 High mobility (it is not uncommon over an academic year to have up to 20% in year mobility), unsettled family relationships, mental health issues (parents), relative poverty, individual examples of low attendance and punctuality.	
5	Low levels of home support and access to remote learning during national lockdowns and school closure.	

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved mental health and emotional stability of pupils leading to better engagement with learning.	 Sustained high levels of wellbeing by 2022/23 demonstrated by: qualitative data from pupil voice, parent surveys and teacher observations, reports from external agencies a significant increase in participation in enrichment activities, particularly among disadvantaged pupils
Engagement of families with school and EWO to improve stability of home environment, attendance, punctuality and home support of learning.	 Sustained high attendance by 2023/24 demonstrated by: the overall absence rate for all pupils being no more than 95%. pupils' punctuality is consistent and therefore they are ready to learn each morning.



Improved academic attainment and progress. Learning support through quality first teaching, targeted interventions and excellent SEN provision	KS2 outcomes in 2023/24 show that disadvantaged pupils will meet the expected standard. SEND needs are identified early and appropriate provision is in place. Pupil's progress is in line with their non PP SEND peers.
Improved language skills of PP children through specialist support in EYFS and KS1 (SALT, ETMAS, phonics support TA, whole school focus on oracy development.)	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. Evidence includes engagement in lessons, book scrutiny and ongoing formative assessment, Improved marks in Y1 & Y2 phonics check. Detailed speech therapy assessments document progress.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted allocation: £6572

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
QFT and Targeted intervention support early identification, access to curriculum.	High In-year mobility 25% from July 21– October 21, has increased proportion of children with SEN needs.	1,2,3,4,5
	PPM and robust data tracking monitor impact of targeted intervention and QFT so that gap is closing with ARE.	
Improved vocabulary and oracy leading to improved attainment and progress in writing.	Whole school project to explicitly broaden and enrich children's vocabulary and encourage adventurous use of language. NELI, Wiltshire Year of Reading and Oracy Project.	1,2,3,4,5
	Research shows that children from disadvantaged backgrounds hear on average 5 million words before they start	



RUMARY. SCHOOL		
NELI implementation for EY Team	school. Other children average 30 million words Hart & Risley et seq. Oral language interventions Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF The Nuffield Early Language Intervention (NELI) is a programme for children in Reception (4-5 years) which has been found to improve children's language and early literacy skills. The programme involves a trained teaching assistant providing short small-group and individual teaching sessions to around 3-6 pupils for 20-weeks. Robust evaluations found NELI children made on average 3 months of additional progress in language.	
KS2 Class split for Maths teaching and learning	Maths curriculum based on Year Group objects. Not realistic or practicable to teach 4 years groups in one session. Y3/4 cohort taught by high lightly effective qualified teacher with support of TA separate to Y5/6 children. 22-23 – Cohorts split for maths : Y1, Y2/3, Y4/5/6 <u>Mastery Learning Toolkit Strand Education Endowment</u> Foundation EEF	1,2
Improved social skills – leading to children being more emotionally settled in school, engaged with learning and able to collaborate.	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic, performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): and relationships with peers): <u>EEF Social and Emotional Learning.pdf</u> Forest Learning accreditation - engaging with the rich natural diversity of the woodland environment to help build confidence, sensitivity, resilience and curiosity. Frances Harris (2017) <u>Outdoor learning spaces: the case of Forest School [PDF]</u>	3,4,5
To review and enhance the Foundation Curriculum, to ensure breadth and balance are retained while allocating additional time to basic skills.	All subject leaders to: Document learning lost during lockdowns Identify key learning objectives which must be retained in their subject. Identify key cross curricular learning opportunities in their subject. Identify key subject specific vocabulary. Support	1,2,3



Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted allocation: £5622

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Targeted TA and CT intervention focused on specific barriers	1:1 or small group intervention in class support by teacher allows targeted support to meet the PP needs	1,2,4
for learning and progress including addi- tional phonics, reading and maths	Daily reading for PP pupils focussed on developing fluency and comprehension	
	Small group tuition Toolkit Strand Education Endowment	
	Reading Comprehension Strategies Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF	
School Led Tutoring	National Tutoring Programme: guidance for schools 2022 to 2023 - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)	2,3,5

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted allocation: £ 3537

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Trips and wider curricular activities such as residential trips, extracurricular clubs, peripatetic music lessons.	Supporting the funding of trips, visits and residential has enabled all children to participate and be included. Parents report that this support is invaluable. <u>Arts Participation Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	3,4,5



Embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's Improving School Attendance ad-	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	4
vice.		

Total budgeted cost: £ 15,731

Externally provided programmes

Programme	Provider
Maths No Problem	Maths No Problem
TT Rockstars	TT Rockstars



Service pupil premium funding

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	SSP: £1160 In Class Teaching Assistant support contribution to staffing costs. Funding incorporated within PP strategy allocation
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	This support for our service children within the school can vary from child to child. There is no one fixed model as to what it looks like in each class, however the underlying ethos is that the extra support mitigates the impact of frequent changes on all children. Fostering the skills of resilience, openness, adaptability, in particular the way new children settled into a new school/ class quickly and effectively are key to a child's all round development. The use of TAs in the classroom and intervention programmes may be seen to benefit both civilian and service children within a class. Each class receives class teaching assistant support every morning. During which time children both civilian and military are supported to meet their individual needs.

STREET STREET	
	Such support can be demonstrated through interventions such as
	 Learning Support – such as small group daily phonics, Narrative Therapy, Word Wasp, bespoke small group and 1:1 support targeted towards Literacy and Numeracy. Emotional Support –sessions that meet the specific needs of children, ELSA training completed July 23, to be rolled out Sept 23 Completion of Senior Mental Health Lead CPD – funding external to SPP As a result, SPP supports mobility which includes emotional transition and academic learning for service and civilian children. A strong pastoral approach supports in– house and external agency involvement. Robust communication with incoming and outgoing
	schools ensure children are quickly and well supported from the outset.
	Teachers observed improvements in wellbeing amongst service children. Assessments demonstrated progress in subject areas where extra support classes were provided.